22UPH105C/22UPH205C		PHYSICS FOR ELECTRICAL SCIENCES	Credits-04					
H	lours/Week:(3:0:2)	(EE & EC branches)	CIE Marks:	50				
Total I	Hours: 60 Hrs(40 L+20 P)	(Integrated)	SEE Marks:	50				
Cours	Course Objectives :							
1.	1. To study the principles of quantum mechanics							
2.	To study the basics of la	sers and optical fibers for engineering	g applications					
3.	3. To study the fundamentals of electromagnetism and dielectrics for engineering applications							
4.	4. To study the properties of conductors, semiconductors and superconductors							
		UNIT-I		10 Hrs.				

**Quantum mechanics:** Introduction, quantization of energy levels, Franck-Hertz experiment, Wave particle dualism, de-Broglie hypothesis and matter waves, de-Broglie wavelength and derivation of expression by analogy. Phase velocity, wave packet, group velocity and derivation of group velocity(superposition), Relation between group velocity and particle velocity. Heisenberg's uncertainty principle and its physical significance (no derivation), Application of uncertainty principle – nonexistence of electron in the nucleus, Principle of complementarity, Wave function, properties and physical significance of a wave function and Born interpretation, Expectation value, Normalization of a wave function. Derivation of one dimensional time independent Schrodinger's wave equation. Eigen functions and eigen values. Applications of Schrodinger's wave equation- eigen functions and energy eigen values of a particle in a one dimensional potential well of infinite height. Finite potential well(qualitative) and quantum tunneling(qualitative), Numerical problems.

#### Pre-requisite: Wave particle dualism

#### Self learning: Franck-Hertz experiment and Davission and Germer experiment

UNIT–II		
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10 Hrs.

Laser: Introduction, interaction of radiation with matter (absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission), Einstein's coefficients (expression for energy density), Conditions for laser action, requisites of a laser system, working mechanism, characteristics of a laser, classification of lasers. Construction and working of Nd:YAG, carbon dioxide and semiconductor diode lasers. Applications of lasers- industry, medical and defense (laser range finder) and laser printing, Numerical problems. Optical fibers: Introduction, Total internal reflection, propagation mechanism in optical fibers, angle of acceptance, numerical aperture and its derivation, fractional index change, Modes of propagation (qualitative), V number and number of modes, types of optical fibers, attenuation and mention of expression for attenuation coefficient, attenuation spectrum of an optical fiber with optical windows. Applications-optical fiber communication system, merits and demerits, intensity based fiber optic displacement sensor. Numerical problems.

Pre-requisite: Properties of light Self learning: Ruby laser, He-Ne laser and Total internal reflection in optical fiber

UNIT–III	10 Hrs.
Electromagnetism :	

Fundamentals of vector calculus, Orthogonal co-ordinate systems: Cartesian, Spherical and Cylindrical, divergence and curl of electric and magnetic field, Gauss divergence theorem and stokes theorem, displacement current with derivation, Maxwell's equations in vacuum(qualitative). Numerical problems.

**Dielectric materials:** Polar and non-polar dielectrics. Dielectric constant, Dielectric polarization, polarization mechanisms (qualitative). Relation between dielectric constant and polarization. Internal field and derivation of internal field in solids and liquids (one dimensional). Clausius - Mossotti relation. Dielectric loss and its derivation, solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics. Applications of dielectric in transformers, capacitors and electrical insulations. Numerical problems.

Pre-requisite : Electricity and magnetism, difference between insulator and dielectrics Self learning : Electromagnetic spectrum, Coulomb's law, Biot Savarts law and dielectrics basics

UNIT–IV	10 Hrs.
Instained again and the standards and the	

Electrical properties of materials :

Quantum free electron theory-assumptions, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac distribution(qualitatively), Fermi energy, density of states (no derivation). Fermi factor and variation of Fermi factor with energy for different temperatures. Derivation of Fermi energy for OK. Numerical problems.

Semiconductors: Concentration of electrons and holes in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (qualitative). Law of mass action. Fermi level in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors (qualitative). Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors. Derivation of electrical conductivity for semiconductors. Hall effect, derivation of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient, experimental measurement of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient problems.

Superconductivity: Introduction to superconductors, Temperature dependence of resistivity in conductors, semiconductors and superconductors, Meissner's effect, critical magnetic field, Silsbee effect, Type-I and Type-II superconductors, BCS theory (qualitative). Josephson junction, high temperature superconductors. Applications of superconductors- Maglev vehicle and SQUID. Numerical problems.

Pre-requisite: Classical free electron theory, basics of semiconductors Self learning : Band theory of solids, superconducting magnets and loss less power transmission

# Reference Books 1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar and T. V. S. Arun Murthy, 2019, "A Textbook of Engineering Physics" (11<sup>th</sup> edition ), S. Chand, New Delhi, 2. Arthur Beiser, 2006, "Concepts of Modern Physics" (6<sup>th</sup> edition), TMH, New Delhi. 3. Kenneth Krane, 2006, "Modern physics" (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), John Wiely, New Delhi. 4. B.B. Laud, 2002, "Lasers and Non-Linear Optics" (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), New Age International Publishers, New Delhi. 5. K.R. Nambiar, 2006, "LASERS Principles, Types and Applications", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 6. B. P. Pal, 2015, "Fundamentals of Fibre Optics in Telecommunications and sensor systems" (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), New age international publishers, New Delhi. 7. David J. Griffiths, 2020, "Introduction to electrodynamics" (4<sup>th</sup> edition), Cambridge university press, New Delhi. 8. W. H. Hayt and J. A. Buck, 2006, "Engineering Electromagnetics" (7<sup>th</sup> edition), TMH, New Delhi. 9. S. O. Piliai, 2010, "Solid State Physics" (6<sup>th</sup> edition), New Age International Publishers, New Delhi 10. R. K. Gaur and S. L. Gupta, 2018, "Engineering Physics" (8th edition), Dhanpat Rai Publications, New Delhi. Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): Laser: https://www.britannica.com/technology/laser,k Laser: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/102/115102124/ Quantum mechanics :https://nptel.ac.in/courses/115/104/115104096/ **Physics** :http://hyperphysics.phy-astr.gsu.edu/hbase/hframe.html Numerical Aperture of fiber :https://bop-iitk.vlabs.ac.in/exp/numerical-aperture-measurement Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning http://nptel.ac.in https://swayam.gov.in https://www.vlab.co.in/participating-institute-amrita-vishwa-vidyapeetham https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=1&brch=189~=343&cnt=1 https://virtuallabs.merlot.org/vl\_physics.html https://phet.colorado.edu https://www.myphysicslab.com

Laboratory Component:

#### Any Ten experiments have to be completed from the list of experiments

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Verification of Stefan's law
- 2. Determination of Planck's constant using LEDs
- 3. The study of characteristics of a laser
- 4. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of a given optical fiber
- 5. Determination of dielectric constant of a material in a capacitor by charging and discharging method
- 6. Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in a given liquid using ultrasonic interferometer
- 7. Determination of Fermi energy for a conductor
- 8. Determination of energy gap of a given semiconductor
- 9. The study of characteristics of a photodiode
- 10. The study of I-V characteristics of a given bipolar junction transistor
- 11. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor by four probe method
- 12. The study of frequency response in series and parallel LCR circuits
- 13. Identification of passive components and estimation of their values in a given black box
- 14. Determination of magnetic flux density at any point along the axis of a circular coil
- 15. Step Interactive Physical Simulations
- 16. Study of motion using spread sheets
- 17. Study of application of statistics using spread sheets
- 18. PHET Interactive Simulations

(https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html,prototype

#### Course Outcomes:

At the end the course the student should be able to:

- 1. Apply Schrodinger's wave equation for computing probability density and energy for one dimensional system.
- 2. Select appropriate properties of laser and type of optical fibers for engineering applications
- 3. Apply concepts of electromagnetism and appropriate properties of dielectrics for engineering applications
- 4. Select appropriate properties of conductors, semiconductors and superconductors for engineering applications

Course	Programme Outcomes												
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
CO1	3	2							1			1	
CO2	3	2							1			1	
CO3	3	2			1				1			1	
CO4	3	2			1				1			1	

22UPH106C/22UPH206C		Cred	lits- 04				
Hours/Week: (3:0:2)	PHYSICS FOR CIVIL SCIENCES (CV Branch)	CIE M	arks:50				
Total Hours: 60 Hrs (40L+20 P)	(Integrated)	SEE N	larks:50				
Course Objectives:							
1. To study the properties, go shockwaves	eneration and engineering application	ns of types of osc	illations and				
2. To study the basics of Lase	er and optical fiber and their enginee	ring applications					
3. To identify the importance	e of acoustics, radiometry and photor	netry for enginee	ring applications				
4. To study the elastic prope	rties of materials and failures of engine	neering materials	;				
5. To understand the various	natural disaster and safety						
	UNIT-I		10 Hrs.				
spring and their applications. Theory of damped oscillations (Qualitative), Types of damping (Graphical approach). Engineering applications of damped oscillations, Theory of forced oscillations(Qualitative), resonance, sharpness of resonance. Numerical problems. Laser: Introduction, absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission, Einstein's coefficients (expression for energy density). Conditions for laser action, requisites of a laser system, working mechanism. Characteristics of a laser. Classification of lasers, Semiconductor laser, Laser range finder, LIDAR, Road profiling, Bridge deflection, Speed checker. Numerical Problems.							
	UNIT-II		10 Hrs.				
UNIT-II10 Hrs.Optical fibers: Principle and construction of optical fibers, Acceptance angle and numerical aperture (NA), Expression for NA, Modes of propagation, Attenuation and Fiber losses, Fiber optic displacement sensor, Fiber optic temperature sensor, Numerical problems.Acoustics: Introduction to acoustics, Types of acoustics, reverberation and reverberation time, absorption power and absorption coefficient, Requisites for acoustics in auditorium, Sabine's formula (derivation), measurement of absorption coefficient, factors affecting the acoustics and remedial measures, Noise and its measurements, Sound insulation and its measurements. Impact of noise in Multi-storied buildings. Numerical problems.Pre-requisites: Basics of Sound, Self-learning: Introduction to acoustics, Propagation mechanism and TIR in optical fiber							

UNIT–III	10 Hrs.				
Elasticity: Stress-Strain Curve, Stress hardening and softening. Elastic moduli, Poisson's ratio, Relation between Y, n and $\sigma$ (with derivation), mention relation between K, Y and $\sigma$ , limiting values of Poisson's ratio., Single cantilever (derivation) and their Engineering Applications, Elastic materials (qualitative). Failures of engineering materials - Ductile fracture, Brittle fracture, Stress concentration, Fatigue and factors affecting fatigue (only qualitative explanation), Numerical problems.					
Radiometry and Photometry: Radiation quantities, Spectral quantities, Relation between Radiant quantities, Reflectance and Transmittance, Photometry (cosine law and inverse squ	n luminance and Iare law).				
Pre-requisites: Elasticity, Stress and strain Self-learning: Stress-Strain curve					
UNIT–IV	10 Hrs.				
<b>Shock waves:</b> Mach number and Mach Angle, Mach Regimes, definition and characteristics of shock waves, Construction and working of Reddy shock tube, Applications of shock Waves, Numerical problems.					

**Natural hazards and Safety:** Introduction, Earthquake, (general characteristics, Physics of earthquake, Richter scale of measurement and earthquake resistant measures), Tsunami (causes for tsunami, characteristics, adverse effects, risk reduction measures, engineering structures to withstand tsunami), Landslide (causes such as excess rainfall, geological structure, human excavation etc, types of landslide, adverse effects, engineering solution for landslides). Forest Fires and detection using remote sensing. Fire hazards and fire protection, fire-proofing materials, fire safety regulations and firefighting equipment - Prevention and safety measures.

#### Pre-requisite: Oscillations Self-learning: Richter scale Reference Books

- 1. R. Balasubramaniam, 2020, "Materials Science and Engineering", 9<sup>th</sup> edition, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi
- 2. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar and T. V. S. Arun Murthy, 2019, "A Textbook of Engineering Physics" 11<sup>th</sup> edition, S Chand and Company Ltd. NewDelhi-110055.
- **3.** R. K. Gaur and S. L. Gupta, 2010, "Engineering Physics", 8<sup>th</sup>edition, Dhanpat Rai publications Ltd., New Delhi
- 4. B. B. Laud, 2002, "Lasers and Non-Linear Optics", 2<sup>nd</sup>edition, New Age International
- 5. K.R. Nambiar, 2006, "Lasers Principles, Types and Applications", New Age International Publishers
- 6. Tor Eric Vigran, Taylor and Francis, 2019, "Building Acoustics", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition CRC Press
- Micheal Bukshtab, 2012 "Photometry Radiometry and Measurements of Optical Losses", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Springer
- Chintoo S Kumar, K Takayama and K. P. J Reddy, 2014, "Shock waves made simple", Willey India Pvt. Ltd, Delhi
- 9. Edward Bryant, 2001 "Natural Hazards", 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition. Cambridge University Press
- Ramesh P. Singh and Darius Bartlett, 2018, "Natural hazards, Earthquakes, Volcanoes, and landslides", 1<sup>st</sup> edition, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis group

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Web links:

Simple Harmonic motion:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k2FvSzWeVxQ

Shock waves:https://physics.info/shock/

Shock waves and its applications:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tz\_3M3v3kxk

Stress-strain curves:https://web.mit.edu/course/3/3.11/www/modules/ss.pdf

Stress curves:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f08Y39UiC-o

Oscillations and waves :https://openstax.org > books > college-physics-2e

Earthquakes:www.asc-india.org

Earthquakes and Hazards:http://quake.usgs.gov/tsunami

Landslide hazards:http://landslides.usgs.gov

Acoustics: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fHBPvMDFyO8

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based Learning

http://nptel.ac.in

https://swayam.gov.in

https://virtuallabs.merlot.org/vl\_physics.html

https://phet.colorado.edu

https://www.myphysicslab.com

#### Laboratory Component:

# Any Ten experiments have to be completed from the list of experiments

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Determination of effective spring constant of the given springs in series and parallel combination
- 2. Study of forced mechanical oscillations and resonance
- 3. The study of frequency response in series and parallel LCR circuits
- 4. Identification of passive components and estimation of their values in a given black Box
- 5. Characteristics of a Laser using diffraction grating
- 6. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of the given optical fiber
- 7. Determination of rigidity modulus of a wire by torsional pendulum method
- 8. Determination of Young's modulus of a metal strip by single cantilever method
- 9. Determination of Young's modulus of a material of the given bar by uniform bending
- 10. Determination of Fermi energy for a conductor

- 11. Determination of resistivity by four probe method
- 12. Determination of Planck's constant using LEDs
- 13. Determination of dielectric constant by RC charging and discharging method
- 14. Measurement of velocity of ultrasonic waves in a liquid using ultrasonic interferometer
- 15. Determination of viscosity of castor oil by Stokes method
- 16. Determination of radius of curvature of the given plano convex lens by setting Newton's Rings
- 17. Step interactive physics simulations
- 18. Study of motion using spread Sheets
- 19. Application of Statistics using Spread Sheet
- 20. PHET Interactive Simulations

(https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html,prototype

#### Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

- 1. Apply concepts of oscillations and select appropriate properties of lasers for engineering applications
- 2. Select the appropriate type of optical fiber and apply concepts of acoustics for engineering applications
- 3. Apply the concepts of elasticity, radiometry and photometry for engineering applications
- 4. Apply concepts of shockwaves, natural hazards and safety precautions for engineering applications

Course	Programme Outcomes												
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
CO1	3	2			1				1			1	
CO2	3	2			1				1			1	
CO3	3	2							1			1	
CO4	3	2			1	1	1					1	

22UPH107C/22UPH207C	PHYSICS FOR COMPUTER SCIENCES	Credits : 04						
Hours/Week : (3:0:2)	(CS, IS, AIML & BT branches)	CIE Marks : 50						
Total Hours : 60 Hrs (40L+20 P)	(Integrated)	<b>SEE Marks :</b> 50						
Course objectives:								
1. To study the principles of quan	tum mechanics and its applications in qu	antum computing						
2. To study the properties of cond	luctors and superconductors for enginee	ering applications						
3. To study the basics of lasers an	d optical fibers for engineering applicati	ons						
4. To study the essentials of physi	ics for computational aspects like design	and data analysis						
	UNIT-I	10Hrs						
Quantum mechanics: Introduction, d	e-Broglie hypothesis and matter waves, de-E	Broglie wavelength and						
derivation of expression by analogy. P	hase velocity and Group velocity. Heisenberg	's uncertainty principle						
and its physical significance (no deriva	ition), Application of uncertainty principle (no	n-existence of electron						
In the nucleus), Principle of compleme	ntarity, wave function, properties and physica	il significance of a wave						
function and Born Interpretation, Exp	ectation value, Normalization of a wave func-	tion. Derivation of one						
of Schrodinger's ways equation leigen	functions and energy sigen values of a partie	le in a one dimensional						
of Schrödinger's wave equation- eigen	rical problems	le în a one dimensional						
Floctrical properties of materials	incal problems.							
Quantum free electron theory – assu	motions, Boso-Finstoin and Formi-Dirac dist	ribution (qualitativa)						
Fermi energy Density of states(quali	itative) Fermi factor and variation of Fermi	factor with energy for						
different temperatures Numerical n	rohlems	lactor with chergy for						
Pre-requisite : Wave particle dualism	. Basics of electrical conductivity							
Self learning: Franck-Hertz experime	nt, CFET							
	UNIT-II	10Hrs						
Quantum Computation:								
Principles of quantum computation:	Introduction to quantum computing, bit and	d qubits, Bloch sphere,						
multi-qubits								
Dirac notation: Vector space, Bra-ket	notation, inner and outer products, Hilbert	space, Basis and linear						
dependence, orthonormal vectors, exp	ploratory problems							
Quantum operators: Projectors, ope	rators, trace and tensor product, measurem	ent, density operator,						
partial trace and partial transpose								
Non-locality: Bells inequality and enta	inglement, entanglement measures							
Quantum gates: Single, two, three of	qubit gates, quantum circuits, quantitative r	measures of quality of						
quantum circuits – gate count, garl	bage bit, quantum cost, depth and width	of circuits, total cost,						
optimization rules								
Quantum algorithms – Deutsch-Jozsa algorithms, Grover's algorithms								
Statistical Physics for Computing: De	scriptive statistics and interential statistics, P	oisson distribution and						
modelling the probability of proton	decay, Normal Distributions (Bell Curves),	ivionte Carlo method,						
Determination of value of $\pi$ . Numerical problems.								
Dre requisites: Metrices and probability	Pre-requisites: Matrices and probability							
Pre-requisites: Matrices and probabil	ity							
Pre-requisites: Matrices and probabil Self-learning: Moore's law	ity							

10Hrs

**Superconductivity:** Introduction to superconductors, Temperature dependence of resistivity in conductors, semiconductor and superconductors, Meissner's effect, Critical magnetic filed, Temperature dependence of critical magnetic field, Silsbee effect, Type-I and Type-II superconductors, BCS theory (qualitative), High temperature superconductors, Quantum tunnelling, Josephson junction, DC and AC SQUIDs(qualitative), Applications of superconductors in quantum computing: Charge, Phase and Flux qubits. Numerical problems.

**UNIT-III** 

**Laser:** Introduction, interaction of radiation with matter (absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission), Einstein's coefficients (expression for energy density), Conditions for laser action, requisites of a laser system, working mechanism, Characteristics of a laser, Classification of lasers. Construction and working of semiconductor diode laser. Applications of lasers- Bar code scanner, laser printer and laser cooling, Numerical problems.

# Pre-requisite: Properties of light

Self learning: Maglev vehicles, superconducting magnets, Nd: YAG and Carbon dioxide lasersUNIT-IV10Hrs

**Optical fibers**: Introduction, Principle and structure, propagation mechanism in optical fibers, angle of acceptance, numerical aperture and its derivation. Modes of propagation (qualitative), types of optical fibers, attenuation and fiber losses, Applications-optical fiber communication and fiber optic networking, Numerical problems.

**Physics of Animation:** Taxonomy of physics based animation methods, Frames, Frames per second, Size and Scale, weight and strength, Motion and timing in animations, Constant force and Acceleration, The Odd rule, Odd – rule scenarios, Motion graphs, Examples of character animation: Jumping, Parts of Jump, Jump magnification, Stop time, Walking: Strides and Steps, Walk timing. Numerical problems.

#### Pre-requisites: Motion in one dimension Self-learning: TIR, Frames, Frames per second Reference Books

# 1. M. N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar and T. V. S. Arun Murthy, 2019, "A Textbook of Engineering Physics" (11<sup>th</sup> edition), S. Chand, New Delhi

- 2. Arthur Beiser, 2006, "Concepts of Modern Physics" (6<sup>th</sup> edition), TMH, New Delhi.
- 3. Kenneth Krane, 2006, "Modern physics" (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), John Wiely, New Delhi
- 4. A. Pathak, 2016, "Elements of Quantum Computation and Quantum Communication", CRC Press
- 5. M. A. Nielsen & I. L. Chuang, 2011, "Quantum Computation and Quantum Information" (10<sup>th</sup> edition), Cambridge university press, NY, USA
- 6. Preskill's lecture notes on "Quantum Information and Quantum Computation", <u>http://theory.caltech.edu/~preskill/ph229/1998</u>
- 7. P. Kaye, R. Laflamme and M. Mosca, 2010, "An introduction to Quantum Computing", Oxford University Press
- 8. N. D. Mermin, 2007, "Qunatum Computer Science An introduction", Cambridge university press, NY, USA
- 9. G. Benenti, G. Casati, and G. Strini, 2004, "Principles of Quantum Computation and Information" (Vol-1), World Scientific

- 10. W. H. Steeb and Y. Hardy, 2012, "Problems and Solutions in Quantum Computing and Quantum Information", World Scientific
- 11. Vishal Sahani, 2007, "Quantum Computing", McGraw Hill Education
- 12. F. Reif, 2007, "Statistical Physics: Berkely Physics Course", Volume 5, McGraw Hill
- 13. B.B. Laud, 2002, "Lasers and Non-Linear Optics" (2<sup>nd</sup> edition), New Age International Publishers, New Delhi
- 14. Michael Tinkham, 2010, "Introduction to Superconductivity" (2<sup>nd</sup>edition), McGraw Hill, INC
- 15. Michele Bousquet with Alejandro Garcia, 2016, "Physics for Animators", CRC Press, Taylor & Francis
- 16. S. O. Piliai,2010, "Solid State Physics" (6<sup>th</sup> edition), New Age International Publishers, New Delhi

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

LASER: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WgzynezPiyc</u>

Superconductivity: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MT5Xl5ppn48</u>

**Optical Fiber**: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N\_kA8EpCUQo</u>

**Quantum Mechanics:**<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p7bzE1E5PMY&t=136s</u>

Quantum Computing:<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jHoEjvuPoB8</u>

Quantum Computing:<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZuvCUU2jD30</u>

Physics of Animation: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kj1kaA\_8Fu4</u>

**Statistical Physics simulation:** 

https://phet.colorado.edu/sims/html/plinkoprobability/latest/plinkoprobability\_en.html

**NPTEL Supercoductivity**:https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/103/115103108/

**NPTEL Quantum Computing**: <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/115/101/115101092</u>

**Virtual LAB**:https://www.vlab.co.in/participating-institute-amrita-vishwa-vidyapeetham

Virtual LAB: https://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php?sub=1&brch=189&sim=343&cnt=

# Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

http://nptel.ac.in https://swayam.gov.in https://virtuallabs.merlot.org/vl\_physics.html https://phet.colorado.edu

# Laboratory component:

#### Any Ten Experiments have to be completed from the list of experiments List of Experiments

- 1. Verification of Stefan's law
- 2. Determination of Planck's constant using LEDs
- 3. Determination of Fermi energy for a conductor
- 4. The study of characteristics of a laser
- 5. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of a given optical fiber
- 6. Determination of energy gap of a given semiconductor
- 7. Determination of resistivity of a semiconductor by four probe method.
- 8. The study of characteristics of a photodiode
- 9. The study of I-V characteristics of a given bipolar junction transistor
- **10.** Identification of passive components and estimation of their values in a given black box
- **11.** The study of frequency response in series and parallel LCR circuits
- **12.** Determination of dielectric constant of a material in a capacitor by charging and discharging method
- **13.** Determination of magnetic flux density at any point along the axis of a circular coil
- 14. Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in a given liquid using ultrasonic interferometer
- **15.** Step Interactive physical simulations
- 16. Study of motion using spread sheets
- 17. Study of application of statistics using spread sheets
- **18.** PHET Interactive simulations.

   (https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html.prototype

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end the course the student should be able to:

- **1.** Apply principles of quantum mechanics and properties of conductors for engineering applications
- 2. Apply basic principles of quantum and statistical computing for engineering applications
- 3. Select the appropriate properties of lasers and superconductors for engineering applications
- 4. Select appropriate type of optical fiber and apply physics of animation for engineering applications

Course	Programme Outcomes												
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
C01	3	2							1			1	
CO2	3	2							1			1	
CO3	3	2			1				1			1	
<b>CO4</b>	3	2			1				1			1	

22UPH108C/22UPH208C	PHYSICS FOR MECHANICAL SCIENCES	Credits -04
Hours/Week:(3:0:2)	(ME & IP branches)	CIE Marks:50
Total Hours: 60 Hrs (40L+20 P)	(Integrated)	SEE Marks:50
Course Objectives:		

1. To study the properties, generation and engineering applications of types of oscillations and shock waves

- 2. To study the basics of lasers and their engineering applications
- 3. To study the elastic properties of materials and failures of engineering materials
- 4. To study the concepts of low temperature phenomena and generation of low temperature
- 5. To study the fundamentals of thermoelectric materials, devices and their applications
- 6. To study the various material characterization techniques

UNIT – I	10 Hrs

Oscillations :

**Oscillations**: Simple Harmonic motion (SHM), differential equation for SHM (no derivation), Springs: Stiffness factor and its physical significance, series and parallel combination of springs (derivation), types of springs and their applications. Theory of damped oscillations (qualitative), types of damping (graphical approach). Engineering applications of damped oscillations. Theory of forced oscillations (qualitative), resonance, sharpness of resonance. Numerical problems.

**Laser**: Introduction, interaction of radiation with matter (absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission), Einstein's coefficients (expression for energy density). Conditions for laser action, requisites of a laser system, working mechanism. Characteristics of a laser. Construction and working of carbon dioxide laser. Applications of lasers- industry (cutting, drilling and welding). Numerical problems.

Pre-requisite: Basics of oscillations, Waves and properties of light

Self learning: Simple harmonic motion, differential equation for SHM, Nd:YAG and

semiconductor diode lasers

UNIT – II	10Hrs

#### Elasticity:

Stress-Strain Curve, Stress hardening and softening. Elastic Moduli, Poisson's ratio, relation between Y, n and  $\sigma$  (with derivation), relation between K, Y and  $\sigma$ , limiting values of Poisson's ratio, single cantilever(qualitative). Elastic materials (qualitative). Failures of engineering materials - ductile fracture, brittle fracture, stress concentration, fatigue and factors affecting fatigue (only qualitative explanation). Numerical problems. **Cryogenics :** 

Production of low temperature – Joule Thomson effect(qualitative), liquefaction of gases, liquefaction of Helium and its properties. Low temperature thermometry. Applications of cryogenics-superconducting magnets, aerospace and food preservation. Numerical problems.

#### Pre-requisites: Elasticity, stress and strain, basics of thermodynamics

# Self learning: Stress-strain curve, laws of thermodynamics, Joule Thomson effect

UNIT – III	10 Hrs
Shock waves: Mach number and Mach angle, Mach regimes, definition and cha	aracteristics of shock waves.
Construction and working of Reddy shock tube, applications of shock waves. Num	erical problems.

#### Thermoelectric materials and devices:

Thermo emf and thermo current, Seeback effect, Peltier effect, Seeback and Peltier coefficients, figure of merit (mention expression), laws of thermoelectricity. Expression for thermo emf in terms of T1 and T2, thermo couples, thermopile. Construction and working of Thermoelectric generators (TEG) and Thermoelectric coolers (TEC), low, mid and high temperature thermoelectric materials. Applications: Exhaust of automobiles, Refrigerator, Space program (RTG). Numerical problems.

#### Pre-requisites: Basics of electrical conductivity

Self-learning: Thermo emf and thermo current

UNIT – IV

10Hrs

#### Material Characterization and Instrumentation Techniques:

Introduction to nanomaterials: Nanomaterials and nanocomposites. Principle, construction and working of X-ray diffractometer, crystallite size determination by Scherrer equation. Principle, construction, working and applications of Atomic Force Microscopy(AFM), X-ray Photo electron Spectroscopy(XPS), Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Scanning Tunneling Microscopy(STM), Raman Spectrometer. Lithography technique and applications. Numerical problems.

#### Pre-requisites: Principle and working of optical microscope

Self-learning: X-ray diffractometer

#### **Reference Books :**

- **1** A. P. French, "Vibrations and Waves" (MIT introductory Physics Series),CBS, (2003 Edition)
- **2** Timoshenko, S. and Goodier J.N.2001 "Theory of Elasticity", (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition), McGraw Hill Book Co.
- **3** Sadhu Singh, 1997, "Theory of Elasticity", Khanna Publishers
- 4 Wole Soboyejo, 2002, "Mechanical Properties of Engineered Materials" (1<sup>st</sup> edition), CRC Press.
- Singhal, Agarwal & Satyaprakash,2006 "Heat & Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics" (18<sup>th</sup>Edition), Pragati Prakashan, Meerut
- **6** D. S. Mathur,1991 "Heat and Thermodynamics" (1st Edition) S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi
- **7** Brijlal & Subramanyam,1994 "Heat and Thermodynamics" S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi
- 8 Bahman Zohuri, 2018, "Physics of Cryogenics", Elsevier
- **9** Sam Zhang, Lin Li, Ashok Kumar, 2008, "Materials Characterization Techniques" (1<sup>st</sup> edition), CRC Press.
- **10** Mitra P.K, 2014, "Characterization of Materials", Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited .
- **11** M. S. Ramachandra Rao & Shubra Singh,2013, "Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Fundamentals to Frontiers", Wiley India Pvt Ltd.
- **12** Parameswaranpillai, N.Hameed, T.Kurian, Y. Yu, 2017, "Nano Composite Materials-Synthesis, Properties and Applications", CRC Press
- **13** Chintoo S Kumar, K Takayama and K P J Reddy, 2014, "Shock waves made simple", Willey India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 14 M.N. Avadhanulu, P. G. Kshirsagar and T. V. S. Arun Murthy, 2019, "A Textbook of Engineering Physics" (11<sup>th</sup> edition), S. Chand, New Delhi.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Simple Harmonic Motion :https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k2FvSzWeVxQ

Shock waves: https://physics.info/shock/

Shock waves and its applications: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tz\_3M3v3kxk

Stress-strain curves: https://web.mit.edu/course/3/3.11/www/modules/ss.pdf

Stress curves: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f08Y39UiC-o

Fracture in materials : https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x47nky4MbK8

Thermoelectricity :

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2w7NBuu5w9c&list=PLtkeUZItwHK5y6qy1GFxa4Z4RcmzU aaz6

Thermoelectric generator and coolers: https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=NruYdb31xk8

Cryogenics: https://cevgroup.org/cryogenics-basics-applications/

Liquefaction of gases: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aMelwOsGpIs

Virtual lab:https://www.vlab.co.in/participating-institute-amrita-vishwa-vidyapeetham

Material characterization: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_mm14/preview

https://www.encyclopedia.com/science-and-technology/physics/physics/cryogenics

https://www.usna.edu/NAOE/\_files/documents/Courses/EN380/Course\_Notes/Ch10\_Deformation.pdf

# Laboratory Component:

Any Ten experiments have to be completed from the list of experiments

#### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. The study of forced mechanical oscillations and resonance
- 2. Determination of effective string constant of the given springs in series and parallel combinations
- 3. The study of characteristics of a laser
- 4. Determination of Young's modulus of metal strip by single cantilever method
- 5. Determination of rigidity modulus of a wire by torsional pendulum method
- 6. Determination of Young's modulus of a given metal strip by uniform bending method
- 7. Determination of specific heat of a solid by using calorimeter
- 8. Determination of viscosity of a given liquid by Stoke's method
- 9. The study of frequency response in series and parallel LCR circuits
- 10. Identification of passive components and estimation of their values in a given black box
- 11. Determination of velocity of ultrasonic waves in a given liquid using ultrasonic interferometer
- 12. Determination of dielectric constant of a material in a capacitor by charging and discharging method
- 13. Determination of Fermi energy for a conductor
- 14. Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor by four probe method

15. Determination of acceptance angle and numerical aperture of a given optical fiber
16. Determination of the radius of curvature of a given planoconvex lens by Newton rings method
17. Step Interactive physical simulations
18. Study of motion using spread sheets
19. Study of application of statistics using spread sheets
20. PHET Interactive simulations

(https://phet.colorado.edu/en/simulations/filter?subjects=physics&type=html,prototype)

# Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply concepts of oscillations and select appropriate properties of lasers for engineering applications
- 2. Apply concepts of elasticity and generation of low temperature for engineering applications
- 3. Select appropriate properties of thermoelectric materials and shock waves for engineering applications
- 4. Apply material characterization techniques for engineering materials

Course	Programme Outcomes											
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO1	3	2			1				1			1
CO2	3	2			1				1			1
CO3	3	2			1				1			1
CO4	3	2			1				1			1